

# On the set of oriented line-elements: point-models, metrics and applications

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For a large number of applications in robotics the *end-effector* has a rotational symmetry; e.g. milling, spot-welding, laser or water-jet engraving/cutting, etc. For the determination of these axial symmetric tasks the rotation axis  $\mathbf{a}$  of the tool is of importance as well as the location of the *tool tip*  $A$  (cf. Fig. 1). In addition, the orientation of the line  $\mathbf{a}$  has to be taken into account, thus we consider the oriented line  $\vec{\mathbf{a}}$ . The two geometric objects  $A$  and  $\vec{\mathbf{a}}$  can be combined to a so-called oriented line-element  $(A, \vec{\mathbf{a}})$ .

We study point-models for the set  $\vec{\mathcal{L}}$  of oriented line-elements by reviewing existing ones and by constructing them from different approaches proposed in the literature. We distinguish between point-models resulting from transformations and those implied by representations, where we also pursue the strategy to represent oriented line-elements by oriented line-segments with a constant length. For path planning in robotics (e.g. Fig. 1) it is desirable to have a metric on  $\vec{\mathcal{L}}$ , thus we also study geometric meaningful distance measures. Based on the resulting metric spaces we finally discuss the problem of motion design (e.g. Fig. 1).

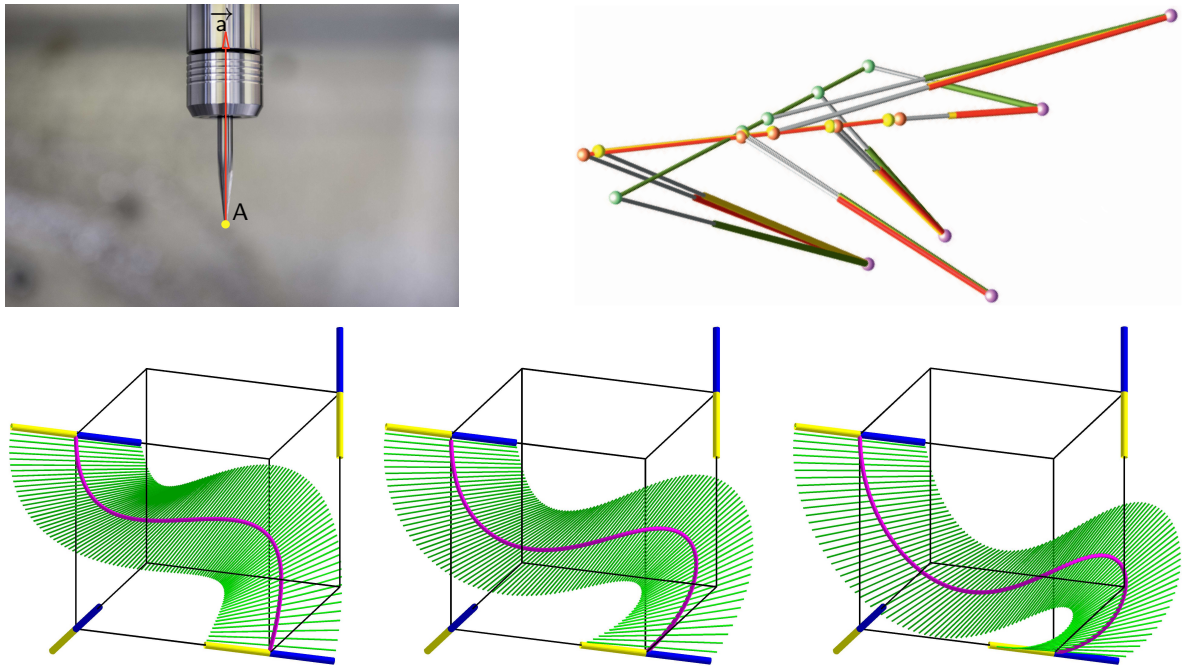


Figure 1: Upper Left: End-effector with rotational symmetry represented by the oriented axis  $\vec{\mathbf{a}}$  and the tool tip  $A$ . Upper Right: A pentapod in the given (green) configuration and the closest singular configuration (red). The yellow configuration is the closest singularity under similarity transformations of the platform. Lower three pictures: For the motion design of oriented line-elements one can e.g. adapt the famous algorithm of De Casteljau for Bézier curves (the result depends on the underlying geodesic motions).

## References

- [1] Nawratil, G.: *Point-models for the set of oriented line-elements – a survey*. Mechanism and Machine Theory, Vol. 111, Elsevier, 2017, pp. 118-134

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